

Figure 35: Elstein FSM series

Elstein MaxLife FSM panel radiators are ceramic infrared radiators, which are designed for operating temperatures up to 720 °C. Surface ratings of up to 64 kW/m² can be installed.

The durability of MaxLife panel radiators FSM has been maximized. Thus they are usable for 35000 hours and more when operated correctly and under normal conditions.

Due to this significantly longer service life of MaxLife radiators the cost for heater exchange is reduced. Thus there are much lower cost per operating hour.

A guarantee of operation about 20000 hours or 3 years beginning from the manufacturing date exists for radiators of the FSM series on the basis of correct heater use and normal operating conditions.

Elstein MaxLife panel radiators FSM are available in three designs and cover the power range from 60 W to 1000 W.



Figure 36: Mounting dimensions and radiator dimensions () in mm





Type, weight, wattage	FSM	220 g	250	400	650	1000	W
	FSM/2	125 g	125	200	325	500	W
	FSM/4	75 g	60	100	200	250	W
Surface rating			16.0	25.6	41.6	64.0	kW/m²
Typical operating temperature			400	500	620	720	°C
Maximum permissible temperature			750	750	750	750	°C
Wavelength range			2 - 10			μm	

Standard design	Thermocouple radiators	Variants
Operating voltage 230 V Ceramic full-pour casting Leads 85 mm Elstein standard socket Mounting set Grey glaze	Designation T-FSM, T-FSM/2, T-FSM/4 Integrated thermocouple Type K (NiCr-Ni) TC leads 100 mm	Special wattages Special voltages Extended leads Leads with ring terminals

The power can be controlled using thermocouple radiators together with TRD 1 temperature controllers, TSE thyristor switching units and other accessories.

IR radiation areas can be assembled using REO reflectors, REF construction sets, EBF and EBI construction elements as well as MBO mounting sheets.

The national safety regulations must be complied with for the respective application, for example, the IEC or EN standard 60519-1, Safety in electrical heating installations.

Our instructions for mounting, operation and safety must be observed.